# [SUMMARY OF FINAL SUBMITTED VERSION]

## **PROGRESS REPORT BY PERMITTEE FOR 2020**

Primary Owner: CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER Primary Contact:

Date Submitted: 03/23/2021

Application Number: A028996 Permit Number: 020753

Source(s) of Water	POD Parcel Number	County
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
EAST ETIWANDA CREEK		San Bernardino
EAST ETIWANDA CREEK		San Bernardino
EAST ETIWANDA CREEK		San Bernardino
EAST ETIWANDA CREEK		San Bernardino
UNST		San Bernardino

MAX Direct Diversion Rate: Unknown Units MAX Collection to Storage: 27000 AC-FT Face Value: 27000 AC-FT

Permitted Use(s)	Acres	Direct Diversion Season	Storage Season
Irrigation	37648		10/01 to 05/01
Industrial	0		10/01 to 05/01
Municipal	0		10/01 to 05/01

1. Compliance with Permit Terms and Conditions	
I have reviewed my water right permit and I am complying with all terms and conditions	Yes
Description of noncompliance with terms and conditions	

2. Changes to the Project		
Intake location has been changed		
Description of intake location changes		
Type of use has changed		
Description of type of use changes		
Place of use has changed		
Description of place of use changes		
Other changes		
Description of other changes		

3-5. Permitted Project Status	
Project Status	Not Complete
5a. Construction work has commenced	Yes

5b. Construction is completed	No
5c. Beneficial uses of water has commenced	Yes
5d. Project will be completed within the time period specified in the permit	Yes
5e. Explanation of work remaining to be done	With respect to Question 5.d, regarding beneficial use of water within CY 2020, Chino Basin Watermaster has pending before the State Water Resources Control Board Petitions for Extension of Time to make full beneficial use under Permits 198985 (A0238473) and 20753 (A028996), which would extend the time period within which to put water to beneficial use to December 31, 2057. These petitions have been publicly noticed and are awaiting action. In addition to annual operation and maintenance work at permitted diversions and storage facilities (groundwater recharge basins) and diversion points, CY 2020 work included the development of preliminary design reports, environmental documentation and final designs on nine recharge improvement projects as proposed in the 2013 Amendment to the 2010 Recharge Master Plan Update. These nine new recharge projects are, for the most part, expansions in recharge capacities at facilities. Construction of eight these recharge improvements was completed in 2020 with an estimated completion in 2022 for the remaining project. The Chino Basin Watermaster and the Inland Empire Utilities Agency updated the Recharge Master Plan in 2018 and will update every five years thereafter. Pursuant to the Recharge Master Plan, Chino Basin Watermaster and the Inland Empire Utilities Agency will subsequently construct additional recharge improvements to enhance diversion and recharge capacity within the quantities allowed under Chino Basin Watermaster's three permits.
5f. Estimated date of completion	12/31/2057

6. Purpose of Use	
Irrigation	
Municipal	860000
Stockwatering	108811 cows, 3592 other livestock
Other	Commercial Supply and Landscape

Irrigated Crops			
	Multiple Crops	Area Irrigated (Acres)	Primary Irrigation Method
Golf Course	Yes	2278	
Grapes	Yes	487	
Tree Fruit (citrus)	Yes	179	
Other: Mixed Crop types	Yes	4500	

Special Use Categories		
C1. Are you using any water diverted under this right for the cultivation of cannabis?	No	

7. Amount of Water Diverted and Used			
Month	Amount directly diverted (Acre-Feet)	Amount diverted or collected to storage (Acre-Feet)	Amount used (Acre-Feet)

January	0	39.1	39.1
February	0	18.5	18.5
March	0	427.6	427.6
April	0	879.1	879.1
May	0	0	0
June	0	0	0
July	0	0	0
August	0	0	0
September	0	0	0
October	0	3.1	3.1
November	0	92.9	92.9
December	0	301.7	301.7
Total	0	1762	1762
Type of Diversion	Diversion to Storage Only		
Comments			

8. Water Diversion Measurement	
a. Required to measure as of the date this report is submitted	Yes
b. Is diversion measured?	Yes
c. An alternative compliance plan was submitted to the division of water rights on	
d. A request for additional time was submitted to the division of water rights on	

Measurement ID number	M001468
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Victoria Basin North Cell Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	20849
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	11/07/2017
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	06/26/2020

M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitte calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	James McShane
M14. Phone number	19095365699
M15. Email	jmcshane@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised b Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model	N/A

number	
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324

Measurement ID number	M001469
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	San Sevaine Cell 1 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	13249
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	05/01/2017
M8. Additional info	Transducer was replaced in September 2020.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	05/01/2019
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%

M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument:  A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA.  B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must:  A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter.  13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of	Feet

measurement	
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324

Measurement ID number	M001470
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	San Sevaine Cell 2 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2012
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available. Transducer was replaced with a new transducer during the reporting period.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	05/01/2019
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the

	transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	19512950775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly

M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324

lollowing website	
Measurement ID number	M001471
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	San Sevaine Cell 3 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2012
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available. Transducer was replaced during the reporting period.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	05/01/2019
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and

	Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe	
the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	19512950775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.

M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324

_		
Measurement ID number	M001472	
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes	
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer	
M2. Nickname	San Sevaine Cell 5 Transducer	
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer	
M4. Device make	PMC	
M5. Serial number	31458	
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513	
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2013	
M8. Additional info		
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	05/01/2019	
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%	
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitte calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to	

	ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or	Yes

storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324

following website	
Measurement ID number	M001477
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Hickory Basin West Cell Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	28224
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	05/22/2019
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	06/27/2020
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A.

	Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	James McShane
M14. Phone number	19095365699
M15. Email	jmcshane@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this	Yes

report is submitted	
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324

following website	
Measurement ID number	M013941
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Victoria South Cell Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	25578
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	08/07/2018
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	06/26/2020
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75

	percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	James McShane
M14. Phone number	19095365699
M15. Email	jmcshane@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes
M26. I report my	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324

diversion or	
storage date by	
telemetry to the	
following website	

Measurement ID	M018452
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Hickory East Cell Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	28223
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	05/22/2019
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	06/27/2020
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA.  B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be

	in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	James McShane
M14. Phone number	19095365699
M15. Email	jmcshane@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	. A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324

telemetry to the	
following website	

Measurement ID number	M018470
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Jurupa Basin
M2. Nickname	Jurupa Basin
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	28144
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	05/20/2019
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	04/02/2020
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure

	calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.  Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration				
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method					
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method				
M13. Name	James McShane				
M14. Phone number	19095365699				
M15. Email	jmcshane@ieua.org				
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer				
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency				
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system				
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A				
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A				
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A				
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet				
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly				
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.				
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes				
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324				

Measurement ID number	M023615
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	Yes
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	San Sevaine Cell 1 Transducer
M2. Nickname M3. Type of	San Sevaine Cell 1 Transducer
device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	31471
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	09/24/2020
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	09/24/2020
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to wor 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmit calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviatiaccording to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.

M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration				
Information for the person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method					
M13. Name	James McShane				
M14. Phone number	19095365699				
M15. Email	jmcshane@ieua.org				
M16. Qualifications of the individual					
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency				
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system				
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A				
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A				
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A				
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet				
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly				
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.				
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes				
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2322				

Measurement ID number	M023616	
This	Yes	

was used to measure water during the current reporting period M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method M2. Nickname San Sevaine Cell 2 Transducer  M2. Nickname Pressure transducer  M3. Type of device / method M4. Device make PMC  M5. Serial number  M6. Model number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measurement measurement measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement measurement measurement measurement measurement  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement measuremen		
describe the measurement device or method  M2. Nickname  M3. Type of device / method  M4. Device make  M5. Serial number  M6. Model number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date of the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M11. Description of calibration method or installation method per instrument. All the fluke meter shows 4 mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 negrous giller, and per service all provided that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument. All nicrease pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 15 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 15 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 15 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 15 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that	measure water during the current	
M3. Type of device / method M4. Device make M5. Serial number M6. Model number M7. Approximate date of installation M8. Additional info M9. Approximate date the measurement method was updated M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement M11. Destimated accuracy of measurement M12. Describe M13. Description of calibration M14. Description of calibration method M15. Estimated accuracy of measurement M16. Estimated accuracy of measurement M17. Estimated accuracy of measurement M18. Estimated accuracy of measurement M19. Estimated accuracy of measurement measure	describe the measurement	San Sevaine Cell 2 Transducer
M4. Device make PMC  M5. Serial number  M6. Model number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M11. Description of the first protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks, 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks, 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor of the instrument. A Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. 8. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument on the pressure according to manufacturers).	M2. Nickname	San Sevaine Cell 2 Transducer
M5. Serial number  M6. Model number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M11. Description of calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance alibrator (Fluke meter shows 16m.). Service a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 m.A. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12m.A. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12m.A. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12m.A. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12m.A. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12m.A. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16m.A. B. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16m.A. B. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16m.A. D. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16m.A. D. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16m.A. D. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16m.A. D. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16m.A. D. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument		Pressure transducer
M6. Model number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  Another than 1 and	M4. Device make	PMC
M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  An object of the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment. Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks, 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument, of the check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. 8. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument 12. Verify that the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operatio		31459
date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry. Insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry. Insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry. Insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor is clean and dry. Insert the sensor of the instrument. A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument. A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument. A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 m.A. B. Increase pressure to		Versaline VL 4513
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibration equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument on calibration of calibration method  M11. Description of calibration method  M12. Description of calibration conditions and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. 1. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. D. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. D. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. D. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. D. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the fluke meter shows 4 mA. D. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the fluke meter shows 4 mA. D. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good conditi	date of	10/08/2020
date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument. A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition, For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.		
accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 15mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site	date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was	10/08/2020
2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.	accuracy of	0.1%
,	of calibration method	2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
		Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration

schedule for the device/method					
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method				
M13. Name	James McShane				
M14. Phone number	19095365699				
M15. Email	mcshane@ieua.org				
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer				
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency				
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system				
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A				
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A				
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A				
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet				
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly				
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.				
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes				
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324				

Measurement ID number	M023617
This Device/Method was used to	Yes

measure water during the current reporting period	
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	San Sevaine Cell 3 Transducer
M2. Nickname	San Sevaine Cell 3 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	31351
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	04/18/2020
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	04/18/2020
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument:  A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must:  A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter.  13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration

M13. Name	James McShane			
M14. Phone number	19095365699			
M15. Email	mcshane@ieua.org			
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer			
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency			
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system			
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A			
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A			
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A			
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Feet			
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly			
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.			
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	Yes			
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	https://cbwm.syncedtool.com/shares/folder/e83081106c3072/?folder_id=2324			

Measurement Attachments				
Measurement ID Number File Name Description Size				
No attachments				

Measurement Data Files				
Measurement ID Number	File Name	Description	Size	
No data files				

9. Maximum Rate of Diversion		
Month Rate of Diversion (Cubic Feet Per Second)		
January	6	
February	5.60	
March	71.10	
April	144.40	
May	3.20	
June	0	
July	0	
August	0	
September	0	
October	0.10	
November	27	
December	118	

10.Water Transfers		
10a. Water transfered	No	
10b. Quantity transfered (Acre-Feet)		
10c. Dates which transfer occurred	/ to /	
10d. Transfer approved by		

Water Supply Contracts		
10e. Water supply contract	No	
10f. Contract with		
10g. Other provider		
10h. Contract number		
10i. Source from which contract water was diverted		
10j. Point of diversion same as identified water right		
10k. Amount (Acre-Feet) authorized to divert under this contract		
10l. Amount (Acre-Feet) authorized to be diverted in 2020		
10m. Amount (Acre-Feet) projected for 2021		
10n. Exchange or settlement of prior rights		
10o. All monthly reported diversion claimed under the prior rights		
10p. Amount (Acre-Feet) of reported diversion solely under contract		

	11. Storage				
Reservoir name	Spilled this year	Feet below spillway at maximum storage	Completely	Feet below spillway at minimum storage	Method used to measure water level
Chino Groundwater Basin	No	0	No	0	Regional Groundwater Level Monitoring Network

Credits Claimed				
	Conservation	Reclaimed Water Use	Conjunctive Groundwater Use	
Claimed? (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes	No	
January				
February				
March				
April				

May		
June		
July		
August		
September		
October		
November		
December		

## **Conservation Supporting Information**

### **Description of conservation methods**

The over 200 Appropriative, Non-Agricultural and Agricultural Chino Basin groundwater producers have instituted many water conservation measures, ranging from recycled water use to public education.

Description of baseline water use and time period

Description of conservation calculation methods

Conserved water used?

#### **Additional Remarks**

The Chino Basin Watermaster holds three permitted rights for diversion and recharge of stormwater within the Santa Ana River Watershed. Permit 19895 covers the Day Creek Project Facilities and allows the diversion of 15,000 acre-feet annually, from November 1 through April 30 of the succeeding year, to underground storage through recharge basins and spreading grounds along Day Creek. Permit 20753 covers the East Etiwanda Creek and San Sevaine Creek Facilities and allows the diversion of 27,000 acre-feet annually, from October 1 through May 1 of the succeeding year, to underground storage through recharge basins and spreading grounds along East Etiwanda and San Sevaine Creeks. Permit 21225 allows the annual diversion of 68,500 acre-feet, from January 1 to December 31, to underground storage through recharge basins and spreading grounds along Deer, Day, Etiwanda, San Sevaine, Chino, San Antonio, and Cucamonga Creeks. (For clarity, the notice listed Deer Creek as being in Riverside County, but it is located entirely within San Bernardino County.) Some facilities covered under Permits 19895 and 20753 are permitted for additional recharge under Permit 21225. Chino Basin Watermaster conjunctively manages spreading ground and basin recharge pursuant to the three permits and believes the permits are best managed conjunctively. However, as of CY 2018, the amount diverted under each permit is reported separately under each respective Progress Report of Permittee. While several phases of groundwater recharge facility construction have been completed, pursuant to these three permits, the Chino Basin Stakeholders continue to implement additional improvements contemplated in the Recharge Master Plan and Optimum Basin Management Program. Furthermore, since precipitation within the Chino Basin watershed is both flashy and subject to extreme variations in annual rainfall volumes (droughty), it is anticipated that diversion to storage may also vary dramatically and infrequently reach full permitted volumes. Pursuant to Permit 21225, Watermaster has through the year 2057 to make full beneficial use of the allowed storage volume, and similar time extensions are currently pending for permits 19895 and 20753, to facilitate conjunctive implementation and operation of the diversion and recharge basin and spreading ground network. With respect to Question 6 (Purpose of Use), animal count figures are from the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board. With respect to Question 7, Watermaster's permits allow use for Industrial, Irrigation and Municipal purposes (and, in the case of Permit 21225, Stockwatering). During the calendar year, the total volume of groundwater extracted from the Chino Basin was approximately 156,345 acre-feet: including 99,180 acre-feet for municipal (Appropriators) use, 15.208 acre-feet for Agricultural (Crops and Stockwatering/Dairy), 39,609 acre-feet by Chino Basin Desalter Authority (30,246 acre-feet of which was made available for municipal use), 2,347 acre-feet for Non-Agricultural Overlying (Industrial) use and 4 acre-feet for energy production. With respect to Question 9, the daily volume of water diverted at each facility was measured using pressure transducers and physical configurations, converted into an average 24-hour flow rate, summed, and the maximum for each month reported. With respect to Question 14, during the calendar year, the Chino Desalters extracted 39,609 acre-feet of contaminated stored groundwater (degraded by TDS, nitrate, and TCE), producing 30,246 acre-feet of (reclaimed) product water. Additionally, 55,773 acre-feet of reclaimed (recycled) water were used of which 16.018 acre-feet were recharged and 18.241 acre-feet were directly used.

Attachments		
File Name	Description	Size

GWR Basin Hourly Levels 2020_20753.xlsx	Hourly WLs at Basins	1 MB
DFG_Stormwater_Compliance_FY2020_FINAL.pdf	Chino Basin Annual Streamflows Diversion Report	2 MB
<u>EAS - 20753.zip</u>	Elevation-Area-Storage Curves for Basins	883 KB

Contact Information of the Person Submitting the Form		
First Name Edgar		
Last Name Tellez Foster		
Relation to Water Right Primary Owner of Record		

Information on Certification and Signatory			
Name of Person Signing and Certifying the Report Edgar Tellez Foster			
Date of Signature	03/23/2021		