## [DRAFT VERSION]

## **PROGRESS REPORT BY PERMITTEE FOR 2018**

Primary Owner: CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER Primary Contact:

Application Number: A031369 Permit Number: 021225

Source(s) of Water	POD Parcel Number	County
SAN ANTONIO CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		Riverside
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
DAY CREEK		San Bernardino
EAST ETIWANDA CREEK		Los Angeles
SAN ANTONIO CREEK		San Bernardino
CUCAMONGA CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN ANTONIO CREEK		San Bernardino
DEER CREEK		Riverside
EAST ETIWANDA CREEK		San Bernardino
CUCAMONGA CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN ANTONIO CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN ANTONIO CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN ANTONIO CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
DAY CREEK		San Bernardino
DEER CREEK		San Bernardino
CUCAMONGA CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN SEVAINE CREEK		San Bernardino
CUCAMONGA CREEK		San Bernardino
SAN ANTONIO CREEK		San Bernardino
DAY CREEK		San Bernardino

MAX Direct Diversion Rate: 0 GPD MAX Collection to Storage: 68500 AC-FT Face Value: 68500 AC-FT

Permitted Use(s) Acres Direct Diversion Season Storage Season Municipal 26887 01/01 to 12/31

1. Permit Review	
I have reviewed my water right permit	Yes

2. Compliance with Permit Terms and Conditions	
I am complying with all terms and conditions	Yes
Description of noncompliance with terms and conditions	

3. Changes to the Project
Intake location has been changed
Description of intake location changes
Type of use has changed
Description of type of use changes
Place of use has changed
Description of place of use changes
Other changes
Description of other changes

4-6. Permitted Project Status			
Project Status	Not Complete		
6a. Construction work has commenced	Yes		
6b. Construction is completed	No		
6c. Beneficial uses of water has commenced	Yes		
6d. Project will be completed within the time period specified in the permit	Yes		
6e. Explanation of work remaining to be done	On October 9, 2008, Permit 21225 was issued, allowing a period within which to make beneficial use through December 2057. Petitions for Extension of Time, to the same of December 31 2057, are pending for Permits 198985 (A0238473) and 20753 (A028996). In addition to annual operation and maintenance work at permitted diversions and storage facilities (groundwater recharge basins)and diversion points, CY 2018 work included the development of preliminary design reports, environmental documentation and final designs on nine recharge improvement projects as proposed in the 2013 Amendment to the 2010 Recharge Master Plan Update. These nine new recharge projects are, for the most part, expansions in recharge capacities at facilities; and, construction of these proposed recharge improvements is projected to be completed in 2020. The Chino Basin Watermaster and the Inland Empire Utilities Agency updated the Recharge Master Plan in 2018 and will update every five years thereafter and they will subsequently construct additional recharge improvements to enhance diversion and recharge capacity within the quantities allowed under the three permits.		
6f. Estimated date of completion	12/31/2057		

	7. Purpose of Use
Irrigation	
Industrial	Mixed Manufacturing
Municipal	860000
Stockwatering	68886 cows, 2114 Other Livestock
Other	Commercial Supply and Landscape

	In	rigated Crops	
	Multiple Crops	Area Irrigated (Acres)	Primary Irrigation Method
Vegetables	No	15000	
Other: Mixed Crop types	No	15000	

Special Use Categories	
C1. Are you using any water diverted under this right for the cultivation of cannabis?	No

8. Maximum Rate of Diversion		
Month	Rate of Diversion (Cubic Feet Per Second)	
January	354.70	
February	93.20	
March	149	
April	6.20	
May	12.40	
June	0.70	
July	14	
August	4.70	
September	5.60	
October	109.70	
November	270.70	
December	299.40	

9. Amount of Water Diverted and Used				
Month	Amount directly diverted (Acre-Feet)	Amount diverted or collected to storage (Acre-Feet)	Amount used (Acre-Feet)	
January	0	929	929	
February	0	338	338	
March	0	1210	1210	
April	0	91	91	
May	0	118	118	
June	0	40.5	40.5	
July	0	81	81	
August	0	35	35	
September	0	43	43	
October	0	268	268	
November	0	602	602	
December	0	836	836	
Total	0	4591.5	4591.5	
Type of Diversion	Diversion to Storage Only			
Comments				

Water Transfers	
9d. Water transfered	No
9e. Quantity transfered (Acre-Feet)	
9f. Dates which transfer occurred	/ to /
9g. Transfer approved by	

Water Supply Contracts	
9h. Water supply contract	No

9i. Contract with	
9j. Other provider	
9k. Contract number	
9l. Source from which contract water was diverted	
9m. Point of diversion same as identified water right	
9n. Amount (Acre-Feet) authorized to divert under this contract	
9o. Amount (Acre-Feet) authorized to be diverted in 2018	
9p. Amount (Acre-Feet) projected for 2019	
9q. Exchange or settlement of prior rights	
9r. All monthly reported diversion claimed under the prior rights	
9s. Amount (Acre-Feet) of reported diversion solely under contract	

10. Water Diversion Measurement	
a. Required to measure as of the date this report is submitted	Yes
b. Is diversion measured?	
c. An alternative compliance plan was submitted to the division of water rights on	
d. A request for additional time was submitted to the division of water rights on	

Measurement ID number	M000438
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	College Heights West Basin Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2012
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	08/16/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration	<ol> <li>Prior to arriving on site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.</li> <li>Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be</li> </ol>

method	below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency	More frequent than hourly

of data recording	
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001340
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Upland Basin Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2011
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	03/01/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator

	equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is

	facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

following website	
Measurement ID number	M001425
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Montclair Basin 1 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	21523
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	03/02/2017
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	03/02/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the

	sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A lncrease pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16m. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument tin good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviar according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performe 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and t Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report	No

my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

following website	
Measurement ID number	M001426
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Montclair Basin 2 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	18712
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	04/12/2016
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/22/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to

check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.

	¹14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.	
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	he maintenance cas-needed, annual calibration Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration levice/method	
Information for the person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method		
M13. Name Efrain Russo		
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775	
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org	
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer	
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency	
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system	
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A	
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A	
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A	
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet	
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly	
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.	
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of	No	

the date this report is submitted	
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

following website	
Measurement ID number	M001427
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Montclair Basin 3 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2015
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/22/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the

	instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No

M26. I report my					
diversion or storage date by					
telemetry to the					
following website	wing website	ollowing website	ollowing website	fo	ollowing website

Measurement ID number	M001428
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Montclair Basin 4 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	16358
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	06/29/2015
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/22/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the

	instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by	

te	leme	try 1	to 1	the	
fo	llowir	na v	vel	osite	,

Measurement ID number	M001429
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Brooks Basin Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	22116
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	06/19/2017
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	06/19/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure

	calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001430
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	8th Street Basin Transducer (North Cell)
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	11/14/2015
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	08/09/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.

M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001431	Ī
This	No	

was used to measure water during the current reporting period MT. Briefly describe the measurement device or method MZ. Nickname M3. Type of device / method M4. Device make PMC M5. Serial number 21080 M6. Model number W6. Model number W6. M6. Model number W7. Approximate date of installation M8. Additional info M8. Additiona	ls :	
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method M2. Nickname M3. Type of device / method M4. Device make M6. Model number M7. Approximate date of installation M8. Additional info M9. Approximate date the measurement M9. Approximate date the measurement M9. Approximate date the measurement M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M10. Estimated and make the sensor including any debris from the head of the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor including and inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. Sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibration of calibration method  M11. Description of calibration method repressure to the instrument. All the chart scaled to the proper range of the insurance ago of seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the insurance ago of seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the insurance ago of	measure water during the current	
M3. Type of device / method M4. Device make M6. Model number M6. Model number M7. Approximate date of installation M8. Additional info M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of inte 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water leve below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Cle transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Main manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrate equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA] Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4m. Al. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4m. Al. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4m. Al. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4m. Al. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4m. Al. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4m. Al. Check the linearity of the instrument in coording to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the prealibrator. C. Show the indicated make on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leave request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was preading the chart reference above. The instrument is in good condition. For the instrument is in good condition in the preading the chart reference above. The instrument is in good condition in the preading the chart	M1. Briefly describe the measurement	Transducer
device / method  M4. Device make  M5. Serial number  M6. Model number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of inte 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water leve below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Cle transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Main manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrat equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA] Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 6 sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the insure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (2 heck that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA, 1. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA, 1. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA, 1. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA, 1. Check the linearity of the instrument in good condition, from the fluke meter shows 2 mA, and condition, from the had of the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA, 1. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA, 1. Check the linearity of the instrument in calibrator. C. Show the indicate	M2. Nickname	8th Street Basin Transducer (South Cell)
M6. Model number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement pelosity of the sensor in the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Main manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrate equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA] Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 8 sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the inpump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (accuracy in the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows M10. Increase pressure to 52 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 125 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 125 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 125 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 125 percent of the range of the instrument is in good condition, it must A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation o		Pressure transducer
number  M6. Model number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  All prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of inte 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water levelow the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Claransducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintanual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibration fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA] Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 5 sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (2 heck that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument is in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the process and perational test of the equipment on which maintenance was percent and perational test of the equipment on which maintenance was percent and perational test of the equipment on whic	M4. Device make	PMC
number  M7. Approximate date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of inte 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water leve below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Cle transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Mani manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrate equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading for cracks and leaks. 8 sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of their lord the range of the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (2 check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12 mA. C. Increase pressure to 10 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter show 12 mA. C. Increase pressure to 20 percent of the range of the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument is in good condition to the i		21080
date of installation  M8. Additional info  M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of inte 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Cle transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintain manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrate equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hose, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 2 mA. C. Increase pressure (z check that the Fluke meter shows 12 mA. C. Increase pressure for the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter show D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart refe above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum readii instrument. 12. Veriffy that the instrument is in good condition, for the instring good condition, it must. A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the production of the proper request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was products.		Versaline VL 4513
info  M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of inte 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water levelow the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Cle transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Main manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrate equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the inpump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (2 check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 12 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 12 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 13 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter show 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 13 percent of the range of the instrument is in good condition. For the instring of the instrument is in good condition. For the instring of condition of the proper range (using the chart refe above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instring occurrence of the proper sample using the chart refe above). The Fluke meter should sho	date of	03/20/2017
date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated  M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of inte 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water levelow the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Cle transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maint manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrate equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA] Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. Sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the insurae a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the minimum pressure (2 check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 15 perce		
accuracy of measurement  1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of inte 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Cle transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Main manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrate equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA] Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. Sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the insure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4 mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart refe above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum readir instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instring good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the proper aclibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaver request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was pressure according to manufacturers.	date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was	08/09/2017
2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water levice below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Cleatransducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Main manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrate equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA] Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. Sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the insument of calibration of calibration method  M11. Description of calibration method  M12. Check the minimum pressure (zoheck that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart refer above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the procalibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leav request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was prequest an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was present of the range of the instrument on which maintenance was present of the equipment on which maintenance was presen	accuracy of	0.1%
	of calibration	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA.  8. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  9. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  8. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  9. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter.  13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance as-needed, annual calibration		

schedule for the device/method	
Information for the	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001432
This Device/Method was used to	No

magaura watar	
measure water during the current reporting period	
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	7th Street Basin Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2012
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	08/09/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument:  A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must:  A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter.  13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration

N440 NI	
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID	

Measurement ID number	M001433
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No

M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Ely Basin 1 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	22066
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	05/18/2017
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	05/18/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA.  8. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  8. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter.  13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
device/method	
	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone	1.951.295.0775

number	
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID	M001434

Measurement ID number	M001434
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the	Transducer

measurement device or method	
M2. Nickname	Ely Basin 2 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	22067
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	06/01/2015
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	07/05/2016
M10. Estimated	
accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitticalibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviatio according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
	14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.  Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
the maintenance schedule for the device/method	·
the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
the maintenance schedule for the device/method Information for the	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration  person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method

M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID number	M001435
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No

M1. Briefly describe the

measurement device or method

M2. Nickname

Transducer

Ely Basin 3 Transducer

M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	16162
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	06/12/2015
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	07/05/2016
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer

of the individual	
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID	M001449

Measurement ID number	M001449
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Turner Basin 1 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer

M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/16/2015
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/23/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  12. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  13. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  13. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name M14. Phone	Efrain Russo
number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by

number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001450
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Turner Basin 2 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	N/A

M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	04/21/2016
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/23/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency

above and/or any other relevant explanation	
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID number	M001455
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Turner Basin 3 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
1	

M7. Approximate 02/25/2016

installation	
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/23/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency

relevant explanation	
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Magaurament ID	

Measurement ID number	M001456
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Turner Basin 4a Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	06/10/2014

M8. Additional	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably
info MO Approximate	available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/23/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
measurement	1. Delegate annivirus on cita matifu Consumburator Danhauma Omarationa of intent to year
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system

data recorder device / method	
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001463
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Turner Basin 4b Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	06/11/2014
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate	02/23/2017

date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument:  A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA.  B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must:  A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter.  13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data	N/A

recorder device make	
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001464
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Turner Basin 4c Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	06/12/2014
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last	02/23/2017

calibrated or the measurement method was updated	
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
1	
M19. Data recorder device make M20. Data	N/A

recorder serial number	
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID	

Measurement ID number	M001480
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	RP-3 Cell 1a Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2012
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement	02/21/2017

method was updated	
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument:  A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must:  A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter.  13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A

M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001481
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	RP-3 Cell 1b Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	05/03/2014
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/21/2017
·	0.1%

accuracy of	
measurement	
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location.  3. Remove the transducer from the case.  4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor.  5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual.  6. Record most recent transducer reading.  7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]).  8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks.  9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal.  10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA.  11. Check the linearity of the instrument:  A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA.  B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA.  C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA.  D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument.  12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must:  A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers).  B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator.  C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter.  13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe	14. Committe that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A

M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID number	M001482
Thio	

Measurement ID number	M001482
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	RP-3 Cell 2 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	18320
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	03/01/2016
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	01/17/2018
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.

of calibration method	2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.
M12. Describe	14. Commit that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet

M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement ID number	M001483
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	RP-3 Cell 3a Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	13165
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	04/14/2015
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/21/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance

	manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC),

data recorder info	which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

following website	
Measurement ID number	M001484
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	RP-3 Cell 3b Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	04/20/2015
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/21/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8.

	Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	a paragraphy had look calibrated the davise or designed the magaurement method
M13. Name	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name M14. Phone	Efrain Russo
number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am	No

required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

following website	
Measurement ID number	M001485
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	RP-3 Cell 4a Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2012
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/21/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument,

pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.

	14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by	No

telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID number	M001486
This	

Measurement ID number	M001486
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	RP-3 Cell 4b Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	20843
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	02/02/2017
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	02/21/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter.

2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A.

Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the

	Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.		
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration		
	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method		
M13. Name	Efrain Russo		
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775		
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org		
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer		
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency		
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system		
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A		
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A		
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A		
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet		
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly		
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC),		
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this	No		

report is submitted	
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

telemetry to the following website	
Measurement ID number	M001487
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Declez Basin Cell 3 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	11/28/2016
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	03/09/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75

	percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.		
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration		
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method		
M13. Name	Efrain Russo		
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775		
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org		
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer		
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency		
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system		
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A		
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A		
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A		
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet		
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly		
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.		
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No		

M26. I report my	
diversion or	
storage date by	
telemetry to the	
following website	

	<u> </u>
Measurement ID number	M001488
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Declez Basin Cell 2 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2014
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	03/09/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the

	instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
Information for the	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by	

te	lemetry	y to	the
fo	llowing	we	bsite

Measurement ID number	M001490
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	Declez Basin Cell 1 Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	GE Druck
M5. Serial number	N/A
M6. Model number	PTX 1830
M7. Approximate date of installation	07/01/2013
M8. Additional info	Best efforts were made to collect serial numbers, but they are not reasonably available.
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	03/09/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work.  2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure

	calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed. 14. Confirm that no active alarms exist prior to leaving the site.	
M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration	
Information for the	e person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method	
M13. Name	Efrain Russo	
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775	
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org	
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer	
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency	
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system	
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A	
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A	
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A	
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet	
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly	
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.	
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No	
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website		

Measurement ID number	M007954
This Device/Method was used to measure water during the current reporting period	No
M1. Briefly describe the measurement device or method	Transducer
M2. Nickname	College Heights East Basin Transducer
M3. Type of device / method	Pressure transducer
M4. Device make	PMC
M5. Serial number	20670
M6. Model number	Versaline VL 4513
M7. Approximate date of installation	03/21/2017
M8. Additional info	
M9. Approximate date the measuring device was last calibrated or the measurement method was updated	08/16/2017
M10. Estimated accuracy of measurement	0.1%
M11. Description of calibration method	1. Prior to arriving on-site, notify Groundwater Recharge Operations of intent to work. 2. Check the surrounding area around the sensor for safety. The water level must be below the sensor location. 3. Remove the transducer from the case. 4. Clean the transducer, removing any debris from the head of the sensor. 5. Check the transmitter calibration method per instrument specifications and Operations and Maintenance manual. 6. Record most recent transducer reading. 7. Prepare the calibrator equipment: Meriam (Smart Manometer), pressure pump, hoses, calibrator tube, and Fluke Process calibrator (Fluke meter, with range of 4 to 20 Milliamps [mA]). 8. Inspect Moisture Protection (MP-11) unit and tubing for cracks and leaks. 9. After the sensor is clean and dry, insert the sensor in the calibrator tube. Tighten the sensor to ensure a good seal. 10. Using the chart scaled to the proper range of the instrument, pump to apply pressure to the instrument. Check the minimum pressure (zero) to check that the Fluke meter shows 4mA. 11. Check the linearity of the instrument: A. Increase pressure to 25 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 8 mA. B. Increase pressure to 50 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 12mA. C. Increase pressure to 75 percent of the range of the instrument and check that the Fluke meter shows 16mA. D. Increase pressure to the maximum pressure range (using the chart referenced above). The Fluke meter should show 20mA, which is the maximum reading of the instrument. 12. Verify that the instrument is in good condition. For the instrument to be in good condition, it must: A. Be in an acceptable accuracy range (minimum deviation according to manufacturers). B. Respond quickly to any variation on the pressure calibrator. C. Show the indicated mAs on the Fluke meter. 13. Prior to leaving site, request an operational test of the equipment on which maintenance was performed.

M12. Describe the maintenance schedule for the device/method	Maintenance as-needed, annual calibration
	person who last calibrated the device or designed the measurement method
M13. Name	Efrain Russo
M14. Phone number	1.951.295.0775
M15. Email	e.russo@ieua.org
M16. Qualifications of the individual	Person working under the supervision of a California Professional Engineer
M17. License number and type for the qualified individual above and/or any other relevant explanation	A person trained to operate and maintain water measurement devices, supervised by Randy Lee, a California-registered Professional Engineer (License #68573), and the Executive Manager of Operations and Maintenance for the Inland Empire Utilities Agency
M18. Type of data recorder device / method	Other: Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system
M19. Data recorder device make	N/A
M20. Data recorder serial number	N/A
M21. Data recorder model number	N/A
M22. Data recorder units of measurement	Acre-Feet
M23. Frequency of data recording	More frequent than hourly
M24. Additional data recorder info	Transducer's digital data is transmitted to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which relays the data via radio to a computer that stores the information. This is facilitated by the SCADA system.
M25. I am required to report my diversion or storage data by telemetry as of the date this report is submitted	No
M26. I report my diversion or storage date by telemetry to the following website	

Measurement Attachments				
Measurement ID Number File Name Description Si				
No attachments				

Measurement Data Files				
Measurement ID Number	File Name	Description	Size	
No data files				

	11. Storage				
Reservoir name	Spilled this year	Feet below spillway at maximum storage	Completely emptied	Feet below spillway at minimum storage	Method used to measure water level
Chino Groundwater Basin	No	0	No	0	Regional Groundwater Level Monitoring Network

	Conservation of Water		
12. Are you now employing water conservation efforts?	Yes		
Description of water conservation efforts	The over 200 Appropriative, Non-Agricultural and Agricultural Chino Basin groundwater producers have instituted many water conservation measures, ranging from recycled water conversion to education notices.		
13. Amount of water conserved			

Water Quality and Wastewater Reclamation	
14. During the period covered by this Report, did you use reclaimed water from a wastewater treatment facility, water from a desalination facility, or water polluted by waste to a degree which unreasonably affects the water for other beneficial uses?	Yes
15. Amount of reclaimed, desalinated, or polluted water used	

Conjuctive Use of Groundwater and Surface Water	
16. During the period covered by this Report, were you using groundwater in lieu of available surface water authorized under your permit?	No
17. Amounts of groundwater used	

## **Additional Remarks**

The Chino Basin Watermaster holds three permitted rights for diversion and recharge of stormwater within the Santa Ana River Watershed. Permit 19895 covers the Day Creek Project Facilities and allows the diversion of 15,000 acre-feet annually, from November 1 through April 30 of the succeeding year, to underground storage through recharge basins and spreading grounds along Day Creek. Permit 20753 covers the East Etiwanda Creek and San Sevaine Creek Facilities and allows the diversion of 27,000 acre-feet annually, from October 1 through May 1 of the succeeding year, to underground storage through recharge basins and spreading grounds along East Etiwanda and San Sevaine Creeks. Permit 21225 allows the annual diversion of 68,500 acre-feet, from January 1 to December 31, to underground storage through recharge basins and spreading grounds along Deer, Day, Etiwanda, San Sevaine, Chino, San Antonio, and Cucamonga Creeks. (For clarity, the notice listed Deer Creek as being in Riverside County, but it is located entirely within San Bernardino County.) Some facilities covered under Permits 19895 and 20753 are additionally permitted for additional recharge under Permit 21225. Chino Basin Watermaster conjunctively manages spreading ground and basin recharge pursuant to the three permits and believes the permits are best managed conjunctively. While several phases of groundwater recharge facility construction have been completed, pursuant to these three permits, the Chino Basin Stakeholders continue to implement additional improvements contemplated in the Recharge Master Plan and Optimum Basin Management Program. Furthermore, since precipitation within the Chino Basin watershed is both flashy and subject to extreme variations in annual rainfall volumes (droughty), it is anticipated that diversion to storage may also vary dramatically and infrequently reach full permitted volumes. Pursuant to Permit 21225, Watermaster has through the year 2057 to make full beneficial use of the allowed storage volume, and similar time extensions are currently pending for permits 19895 and 20753, to facilitate conjunctive implementation and operation of the diversion and recharge basin and spreading ground network. With respect to Question 7, Watermaster's permits allow use for Industrial, Irrigation and Municipal purposes (and, in the case of Permit 21225, Stockwatering). During the calendar year, the total volume of groundwater extracted from the Chino Basin was approximately 140,874 acrefeet: including 91,123 acre-feet for municipal (Appropriators) use, 17,248 acre-feet for Agricultural (Crops and Stockwatering/Dairy), 29,996 acre-feet by Chino Basin Desalter Authority (24,600 acre-feet of which was made available for municipal use), 2,505 acre-feet for Non-Agricultural Overlying (Industrial). With respect to Question 8, these volumes reflect the quantities of recharge diverted to underground storage pursuant to Permits 19895, 20753, and 21225, as Chino Basin Watermaster conjunctively manages all diversions to the recharge basin and spreading ground network. With respect to Question 9, the daily volume of water diverted at each facility was measured using pressure transducers and physical configurations, converted into an average 24- hour flow rate, summed, and the maximum for each month reported. With respect to Question 13, during the calendar year, the Chino Desalters extracted 29,996 acre-feet of contaminated stored groundwater (degraded by TDS, nitrate, and TCE), producing 26,020 acre-feet of (reclaimed) product water. Additionally, 32,575 acre-feet of reclaimed (recycled) water were used of which 20,065 acre-feet were recharged and 12,510 acre-feet were directly used.

Attachments		
File Name	Description	Size
20180926 Letter to DFW re Water Rights Permit 21225 - Annual Streamflow Monitoring Report FY 2017-18.pdf	Chino Basin Annual Streamflows Diversion Report	3 MB

Contact Information of the Person Submitting the Form	
First Name	
Last Name	
Relation to Water Right	

Information on Certification and Signatory	
Name of Person Signing and Certifying the Report	
Date of Signature	